Since FP2020’s launch in 2012, there are 53 million additional users of contraception in the 69 focus countries. Working with our partners, we have achieved significant progress. But those numbers don’t capture all the positive change.

**Improving the Quality of Programs and Focus on Rights**

Important conceptual work and development of guidance and tools on rights-based family planning has taken place since 2012. Rights-based family planning is included in country CIPs and action plans, and awareness of rights-based services as a tool for empowerment has improved counseling and services.

**Increasing Domestic and Donor Financing**

41 countries have committed to increase their budgets for family planning (FP) and 18 countries are on track to achieve their financial commitments. Donor government funding for family planning rose to US$1.5 billion in 2018.

**Strengthening Supply Chains**

Since 2012, FP2020 partners have strengthened supply chains to ensure access to the most commonly used and in-demand methods. Countries are increasingly investing in innovations like electronic Logistics Management Information System (eLMIS) and the Global FP VAN to improve supply chain coordination for family planning commodities. The UNFPA Supplies program’s donor supported Bridge Funding Mechanism has reduced overall costs, raised efficiency, and reduced procurement gaps.

**Meeting the Reproductive Health Needs of Adolescents and Youth**

Age-disaggregated data is increasingly available and more widely used to inform programs that counsel and offer an expanded choice of contraceptive methods to young people. To ensure program effectiveness, stronger efforts are being made to meaningfully partner with adolescents and young people at all levels of the FP2020 partnership and in-country processes.

**Reaching Women and Girls in Crisis and Humanitarian Settings**

Demand for and feasibility of providing FP during crisis response has been well documented by partners. In 2018, the “prevention of unintended pregnancy” was included as a priority objective within the minimum standards for SRH during a crisis response. During the 2017 Family Planning Summit, FP2020 received humanitarian commitments, and 20 commitment-making countries have since identified actions to promote and advance preparedness and response within their FP priorities.
THERE’S STILL SO MUCH MORE TO DO...

ACROSS COUNTRIES WITH AVAILABLE DATA, ONLY 43% OF WOMEN REPORTED RECEIVING HIGH-QUALITY COUNSELING WHEN THEY STARTED THEIR CURRENT CONTRACEPTIVE METHOD

We ask governments, donors, and all stakeholders to invest in provider training and technical support to implement rights-based (client focused) family planning, fund advocacy and community mobilization initiatives in order to integrate rights fully into the public health system, and promote social accountability and rights literacy at the community level.

FROM 2021-2025, AN EXPECTED CUMULATIVE FUNDING GAP OF $900 MILLION IN FP2020’S 69 COUNTRIES COULD SERIOUSLY COMPROMISE THE HEALTH, WELLBEING, AND RIGHTS OF WOMEN AND GIRLS.

We ask governments to prioritize financing for family planning within the allocation and expenditure of domestic resources, improve the quality and accessibility of rights-based FP programs, and include a full range of contraceptives in UHC service packages and products.

SUPPLY CHAIN INNOVATIONS REQUIRE LONG-TERM FUNDING

We ask governments and donors to make long-term commitments to contraceptive supplies, work with governments to plan for declines in donor funding, and improve global health systems and supply chains with the goal of ending contraceptive commodity stockouts and supply chain disruptions.

MEANINGFUL YOUTH ENGAGEMENT IN FAMILY PLANNING PROGRAMS REMAINS CHALLENGING TO ACHIEVE

We ask governments, donors, and all stakeholders to strengthen capacity of health systems to better respond to the health and contraceptive needs of adolescents, implement evidence-informed approaches, collect, use, and report age and sex-disaggregated data for adolescents, and abide by the definition and principles outlined in the Global Consensus Statement on Meaningful Adolescent and Youth Engagement.

EXPANDING ACCESS TO FAMILY PLANNING FOR WOMEN AND GIRLS IN CRISIS REMAINS A CHALLENGE

We ask governments, donors, and humanitarian agencies to invest in and prioritize reproductive health, including family planning, as a core element of climate resilience, preparedness, and crisis response; ensure country policies promote the inclusion of family planning across preparedness, response, and recovery actions; and identify integration opportunities to expand FP entry points across health, nutrition, protection, education, and empowerment programs.

The FP2020 partnership is approaching our initial December 2020 deadline. As we renew our vision and enter a new decade, we are calling on governments, donors, civil society, and other stakeholders to take action - using data and evidence - to improve the lives of millions of women and adolescents by providing the rights-based care and services they need.